

Collaboration Between PRICE and OSHEM

Presented by: Michael Kilby, OSHEM-Fire and Samantha Snell, NCP





<u>The Big Picture</u>



• SF – OSHEM

 OSHEM assures that the SI organization and facilities operate and sustain a safe and healthful environment for employees, volunteers, and the visiting public, and to assure Smithsonian collections and property are protected.

• NCP – PRICE

 PRICE supports unit-level and pan-Institutional collections emergency mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery capabilities, including policy, procedures, training, and logistics.



Shared Missions and Goals

Provide education, technical support and consultation services to the Smithsonian community.

Keep Smithsonian management informed of applicable standards and best practices affecting Smithsonian operations.



PRICE & OSHEM Joint Activities

- Developing Standards & Best Practices
 - Collection storage and processing
 - Hazardous materials
 - Emergency planning
- Consulting
 - Fire prevention/protection
 - Health monitoring exposures
- Training/Workshops

- Collection Spaces
 - Construction & Systems
 - Operations
- Collection Based Hazards
 - Identifying hazards
 - PPE
 - Safe handling practices
- Exhibits



Fire Protection for Collections

- NFPA 909 Code for the Protection of Museums, Libraries & Places of Worship
- SI Fire Protection & Life Safety Manual
- SI Safety Manual



NFPA

Fire Protection Levels

	Fire Protection Feature				
Protection Level	Fire Barriers	Suppression	Detection	Size (ft ²)	Smoke Control
Low	1-hr fire/smoke	OH2 sprinkler	Spot Smoke	No Limit	Space Isolation
Medium	2-hr fire/smoke	OH2 sprinkler	VESDA or Spot Smoke	30,000	Space Isolation
High*	2-hr fire/smoke	OH2 sprinkler	VESDA (High Sensitivity)	15,000 / 7,500	Space Isolation
Very High	3-hr fire/smoke	Special Suppression and OH2 sprinkler	VESDA (Very High Sensitivity, Spacing)	1,500	Positive Pressure

Fire Vulnerability

- Low (Stone, Wet specimens in NOVEC or similar):
 - Noncombustible
 - Easily cleaned or repaired
 - Low porosity inhibits permanent staining
 - Resistant to heat damage (spalling, cracking, repairable deformation)
- Medium (Bone, Ivory, Shell):
 - May be Combustible
 - Susceptible to heat damage (plastic deformation, melting)
 - Moderate effort required to clean
- High (Textile, Wood, Skin, Paper, Plastics):
 - Highly combustible
 - Melt or deform at minimally elevated temperatures
 - Difficult or impossible to clean fire/smoke damage







Fire Prevention

- Controlling ignition sources
- Managing combustibles
- Exhibits
- Hazardous Operations/Construction







- Asbestos & lead testing
- Indoor air quality surveys
- Fire detection and suppression for collection areas
- Collection storage systems
- Fire prevention for collections operations



Asbestos & Lead Testing







Fire Detection & Suppression

- Sprinkler Systems
 - Wet pipe
 - Dry pipe
 - Preaction systems
- Fire Detection
 - Heat detectors for areas w/ airborne dust and dirt
 - Spot type detectors ionization and photoelectric
 - Beam type smoke detectors
 - Air aspirating smoke detection





Storage Solutions

Compact Storage

- High fire protection challenge (section 7.11 of SI Fire Design Manual)
- Must consider sprinkler system with design of storage system
- Request OSHEM review prior to installation of *any* collection storage furniture



Training/Workshops

- Fire Protection for Collections
- Hands-on Fire Extinguisher Training
- Fire Prevention Week
- Wet Salvage and Fire Recovery Workshops
 - Collection Based Hazards
 - Safety/PPE
 - Risk and Hazard Identification



Brown Bag Presentations + Fire Extinguisher Training





Portable Fire Extinguisher Types and Use

Office of Safety, Health and Environmental Management

Fire Prevention Week Outreach





Join us from 10am-2pm and talk with representatives from:

- Smithsonian Teams
 - o Life Safety Shop
 - o Office of Emergency Management
 - o OSHEM Fire Protection
 - o Preparedness and Response in **Collections Emergencies Team** (PRICE)
- Partner Organizations
 - o DC Fire and EMS, including their Arson Dog
 - o US Fire Administration





OSHEM's Fire

Prevention Event

Wet Salvage Workshop









Fire Recovery Workshop – Holy Smokes!











Ongoing Challenges



Cellulose Nitrate Film: Storage Requirements

NFPA 40, "Storage and Handling of Cellulose Nitrate Film"

- > 5 standard rolls special cabinets or vaults
- Sprinklers & venting for cabinets & vaults
- Scrap film must be stored underwater

SD 502 & Safety Manual, Chapter 24

- Prompt removal of nitrate film to storage locations meeting NFPA 40
- Notify Safety Officer of nitrate film
- Consider off-site storage
- Dispose as hazardous waste

Vulnerability/ Risk Levels

• Collections staff partnered to define risk levels for collection item types which provided valuable data to OSHEM to determine the appropriate fire protection features needed in collections storage.





Raise Awareness

Start Conversations





Break Down Silos



Former and Current PRICE members

- Brian Abrams
- Kerry Button
- Cathy Hawks
- Kara Hurst
- Becky Kaczkowski
- Becca Kennedy
- Nora Lockshin
- Melissa Miller
- Katie Wagner

OSHEM Staff

- Chuck Fry
- Kim Harmon
- Sophia Kapranos
- Janice Ruggles
- Josh Stewart

Contact Us

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